1		STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
2		PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
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4	l l	2014 - 9:05 a.m.
5	Concord, New	
6	-0728261	NHPUC DEC30'14 PM 3:26
7	RE:	DE 14-216 ELECTRIC AND GAS UTILITIES: 2015-2016 CORE New Hampshire Electric
8	i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	and Gas Energy Efficiency Programs.
9	PRESENT:	Chairman Marshin D. Haniahan Duaridina
10	PRESENT:	Chairman Martin P. Honigberg, Presiding Commissioner Robert R. Scott
11		
12	n herriage com	Sandy Deno, Clerk
13		
14	APPEARANCES:	Reptg. Public Service of New Hampshire: Matthew J. Fossum, Esq.
15		Reptg. Liberty Utilities (EnergyNorth Natural
16	,	Gas) Corp. & Liberty Utilities (Granite State Electric) Corp. d/b/a Liberty Utilities: Sarah B. Knowlton, Esq.
17		
18		Reptg. Unitil Energy Systems and Northern Utilities: Rachel A. Goldwasser, Esq. (Orr & Reno)
19		
20		Reptg. New Hampshire Electric Cooperative: Robert Dunn, Esq. (Devine Millimet)
21		
22	postin ly	
23	COURT	REPORTER: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 52
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2	APPEARANCES:	(continued)
3		Reptg. Community Action Association.:
4		Ryan Clouthier, Energy Director Rob Bowers
5		Reptg. N.H. Office of Energy & Planning: Meredith A. Hatfield, Esq., Director
6		Karen P. Cramton, Deputy Director
7		Reptg. The Way Home: Dennis Labbe, Esq. (N.H. Legal Assistance)
8		Reptg. N.H. Dept. of Environmental Services:
9		Rebecca Ohler, DES Energy Programs Manager
10		Reptg. Residential Ratepayers: Susan Chamberlin, Esg., Consumer Advocate
11		Office of Consumer Advocate
12		Reptg. PUC Staff: Rorie E. P. Hollenberg, Esq.
13		Leszek Stachow, Asst. Dir/Electric Division James J. Cunningham, Jr., Electric Division
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2		EXHIBITS	
3	EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION	PAGE NO.
4	1	PSNH filing of CORE Utilities 2015-2016 Statewide Energy	10
5		Efficiency Plan	
6	2	Staff Direct Testimony of James J. Cunningham, Jr.,	10
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1 PROCEEDING

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: We are here in Docket DE 14-216, the 2015-2016 CORE Electric and Gas Energy Efficiency Programs docket. And, we have a Settlement Agreement that was filed at the end of last week. I'm not sure the best way to proceed. Mr. Fossum, since you filed the Settlement Agreement, perhaps you could set the scene for us and tell us how you -- how the parties want to proceed?

MR. FOSSUM: Certainly. I guess, for the record, very quickly, Matthew Fossum, for Public Service Company of New Hampshire.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I'll take appearances in a minute. I just wanted to figure out what we're doing.

MR. FOSSUM: Then, I'll save it for that. We have agreed on a panel of witnesses that would be presenting the filing and the Settlement Agreement associated with it, to describe and discuss the Settlement. And, then, the panel would be available for any cross-examination that might be conducted. So, I think, by in large, there's agreement that — on that presentation.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay. Why don't we

1	take appearances then.
2	MR. FOSSUM: In that case, Matthew
3	Fossum, for Public Service Company of New Hampshire. And,
4	with me this morning are Rhonda Bisson and Tom Belair from
5	PSNH.
6	MS. KNOWLTON: Good morning. Sarah
7	Knowlton, here today for Liberty Utilities (Granite State
8	Electric) Corp. and Liberty Utilities (EnergyNorth Natural
9	Gas) Corp. And, with me today from the Company is the
10	Company's witness, Eric Stanley, and Heather Tebbetts.
11	MS. GOLDWASSER: Good morning. Rachel
12	Goldwasser, from the law firm of Orr & Reno, here today on
13	behalf of Unitil Energy Systems and Northern Utilities.
14	And, with me here is Tom Palma from the Company.
15	MR. DUNN: Good morning. Bob Dunn, from
16	Devine, Millimet. And, I'm here today on behalf of New
17	Hampshire Electric Co-op. And, with me from the Co-op are
18	Carol Woods and Craig Snow.
19	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Good morning, Mr.
20	Dunn.
21	MR. DUNN: Good morning.
22	MS. HATFIELD: Good morning,
23	Commissioners. Meredith Hatfield, for the Office of
24	Energy & Planning, and with me is Karen Cramton who will

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1
       be serving on the panel today.
 2
                         MR. CLOUTHIER: Good morning. I'm Ryan
 3
       Clouthier, on behalf of the Community Action Agencies.
 4
       And, with me today is Rob Bowers.
 5
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN: Susan Chamberlin,
 6
       Consumer Advocate for the residential ratepayers.
 7
                         MS. OHLER: Good morning. Rebecca
       Ohler, for the Department of Environmental Services.
 8
 9
                         MR. LABBE: Good morning. Dennis Labbe,
10
       on behalf of The Way Home.
11
                         MS. HOLLENBERG: Good morning. Rorie
12
       Hollenberg, here on behalf of the Public Utilities
13
       Commission Staff, with Jim Cunningham and Les Stachow, who
14
       are here for the Electric Division.
15
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Am I correct that
16
       not everyone is on the Settlement Agreement? Ms.
17
       Chamberlin?
18
                         MS. HOLLENBERG: You are correct,
19
       actually. The Office of Consumer Advocate did not sign
20
       the Agreement. We also have two signature pages to add
21
       today, from The Way Home and the Community Action
22
       Agencies, which we will do. If it's an appropriate time
23
       at this point for me to ask to identify certain agreed to
24
       exhibits, I could do that now or --
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CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: You can do that now. But I'm going to ask Ms. Chamberlin to give us a preview as to the reasons why she's not on the Settlement Agreement, so we have some idea of where we're going here. So, Ms. Chamberlin, why don't you do that now, and then we'll circle back to the exhibits.

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MS. CHAMBERLIN: Sure. Thank you, your The OCA agrees with 99 percent of this filing. Honor. The one area of concern is the performance incentives, and that area of concern is due to the fact that this is a two-year Settlement Agreement. The performance incentive is an added stream of revenue designed, as the name implies, to offset negative effects of energy efficiency. This area overlaps with decoupling proposals. And, so, my concern is that there is the possibility of a double-dip. And, so, I'm bringing that area to the Commission's attention, so that the Commission could expressly reserve the opportunity to adjust the performance incentive, if a decoupling mechanism -- excuse me, I have a little cold -is approved in the future for a utility.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you. And,
I'm sure the issue will be fleshed out during the
presentations.

Ms. Hollenberg, do you want to deal with

Τ	exhibits then?
2	MS. HOLLENBERG: Yes, please. The
3	Parties would propose that the following documents be
4	marked as exhibits for identification purposes. The
5	first, Exhibit 1, is the original filing, which can be
6	found at Tab 1. It's a voluminous document. And, I've
7	confirmed with both the Clerk and the Steno that they are
8	amenable to not receiving hard copies of that document
9	today.
10	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Is that dated
11	September 12th?
12	MS. HOLLENBERG: Yes. Yes.
13	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you.
14	MS. HOLLENBERG: And, I just want to
15	make one note about that exhibit. That I've come to know
16	this morning that the pagination in the electronic version
17	that was filed may be slightly mixed up. And, so, the
18	Parties will confer as soon as possible and make sure that
19	that is corrected, if necessary.
20	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay. Thank you.
21	MS. HOLLENBERG: The hard copy is the
22	hard copy that was filed with the Commission, though, is
23	not is not in error.
24	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay.

```
1
                         MS. HOLLENBERG: Exhibit 2 would be Mr.
 2
       Cunningham's testimony, which is found at Tab 16 in the
 3
       Commission's docketbook, dated November 10th, 2014.
 4
       Exhibit 3 would be the Settlement Agreement that was filed
 5
       by PSNH, which is found at Tab 18, dated December 11th,
 6
       2014.
 7
                         And, I apologize. I referenced "Tab 1"
       for Exhibit 1 earlier, and I recognize now that it is
 8
 9
       Tab 4.
10
                         And, then, lastly, Exhibit 4 would be
11
       the signature pages for The Way Home and the Community
       Action Agencies.
12
13
                         (The documents, as described, were
14
                         herewith marked as Exhibit 1 through
15
                         Exhibit 4, respectively, for
16
                         identification.)
17
                         MS. HOLLENBERG: As Mr. Fossum
18
       mentioned, we do plan to have a panel of witnesses.
19
       Mr. Stanley will appear on behalf of Liberty; Mr.
20
       Cunningham will appear on behalf of the Staff; Mr. Belair
21
       will appear on behalf of the PSNH; and Ms. Cramton will
22
       appear on behalf of the Office of Energy & Planning. Our
23
       plan is that each attorney will -- each counsel for those
24
       individuals will qualify those witnesses, and then we'll
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1	proceed as you wish.
2	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Fine. Then, is
3	there anything else we need to do before those witnesses
4	come forward?
5	(No verbal response)
6	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
7	MS. HOLLENBERG: No thank you.
8	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Then, why don't we
9	have them do that. Let's go off the record.
LO	(Brief off-the-record discussion
L1	ensued.)
L2	MS. HOLLENBERG: So, why don't we have
L3	the witnesses take the stand. Thank you.
L 4	(Whereupon James J. Cunningham, Jr.,
L5	Karen P. Cramton, Thomas R. Belair, and
L6	Eric M. Stanley were duly sworn by the
L7	Court Reporter.)
L8	JAMES J. CUNNINGHAM, JR., SWORN
L9	KAREN P. CRAMTON, SWORN
20	THOMAS R. BELAIR, SWORN
21	ERIC M. STANLEY, SWORN
22	DIRECT EXAMINATION
23	BY MS. HOLLENBERG:
24	Q. Good morning, Mr. Cunningham. Would you please state

- your full name and your position at the Public
 Utilities Commission please.
- A. (Cunningham) Yes. My name is James J. Cunningham, Jr.

 My position here at the Utilities is a -- at the

 Commission is a Utility Analyst.
- Q. And, Mr. Cunningham, did you file testimony in this proceeding?
- 8 A. (Cunningham) Yes, I did.
- 9 Q. And, has that testimony been marked for identification as "Exhibit 2"?
- 11 A. (Cunningham) Yes.
- Q. Are there any corrections or changes you wish to make to your testimony at this time?
- 14 (Cunningham) I had several corrections to make to the 15 testimony. On Page 3, it indicates that this is "joint 16 testimony". It should be corrected to read "direct 17 testimony". That's on Line 12 and 13. And, on Page 6, Table 2, Line 22, the number "55,491,000" should be 18 19 "55,115,800". On Page 7, Footnote 6, it indicates 20 "3 percent". That should be changed to "5 percent". And, at the end of Footnote 6, it says "0.15", that 21 should be "zero" -- rather, it says "0.015", and it 22 23 should say "0.025". On Page 9, Line 9, there's a typo. 24 At the end of the sentence it says year "201", it

should be year "2015".

On Page 13, Line 11, add the word "that" between "increases" and "would". Page 20, Line 12, after the word "compare", add the word "to", t-o. And, on Page 21, Line 31, change the word "our testimony" to "my testimony". And, on Page -- on Line 32 of the same page change "we address" to "I address". And, on Page 23, Line 20, it says "New Zero Homes", it should have said "Net", N-e-t, "Zero Homes". Page 25, Line 5, "ration" should be changed to "ratio". And, on Page 28, Line 9, the word "savings", plural, should be changed to "saving", singular.

 $\label{eq:theorem} \text{That completes my changes to the}$ testimony.

- Q. Thank you. And, Mr. Cunningham, if you were asked the questions in your testimony today, provided the corrections you've just given, would your answers be the same?
- A. (Cunningham) Yes, I believe.

MS. HOLLENBERG: Thank you. Mr. Fossum.

MR. FOSSUM: Thank you.

- 22 BY MR. FOSSUM:
- Q. Mr. Belair, could you state your name and place of employment and your responsibilities please for the

- 1 record.
- 2 A. (Belair) Sure. My name is Thomas R. Belair. I'm the
- 3 Manager of PSNH's Energy Efficiency Programs. And, I'm
- 4 responsible for the planning and implementation of the
- 5 Company's energy efficiency programs in the New
- 6 Hampshire service territory.
- 7 Q. And, Mr. Belair, did you participate in the development
- 8 and the filing of what has been marked as "Exhibit 1"
- 9 in this docket, the CORE Energy Efficiency Plan?
- 10 A. (Belair) Yes, I did.
- 11 Q. And, you're familiar with the terms of that Plan?
- 12 A. (Belair) Yes, I am.
- 13 Q. And, did you likewise participate in the settlement
- discussions leading to the Settlement that has been
- filed as "Exhibit 3" in this docket?
- 16 A. (Belair) Yes.
- 17 Q. And, you're familiar with the terms of that Settlement
- and its attachments?
- 19 A. (Belair) Yes.
- MR. FOSSUM: Thank you.
- 21 BY MS. KNOWLTON:
- 22 Q. Mr. Stanley, please state your full name for the
- record.
- 24 A. (Stanley) Eric Matthew Stanley.

- 1 Q. Make sure you speak into the microphone.
- 2 A. (Stanley) Eric Matthew Stanley.
- 3 Q. By whom are you employed, Mr. Stanley?
- 4 A. (Stanley) Liberty Energy Utilities (New Hampshire)
- 5 Corp.
- 6 Q. What is your position with the Company?
- 7 A. (Stanley) I'm the Manager of Energy Efficiency and 8 Customer Programs.
- 9 Q. And, in that capacity, what are your job 10 responsibilities?
- 11 A. (Stanley) I'm responsible for all planning,

 12 implementation, marketing, analytics, reporting,

 13 evaluation, and related responsibilities for the CORE

 14 programs for Liberty Utilities (New Hampshire).
- 15 Q. Did you have any role in the development of what's been
 16 marked for identification as "Exhibit 1", the September
 17 12th, 2014 filing of the proposed CORE programs for the
 18 Program Years 2015 and 2016?
- 19 A. (Stanley) Yes.
- 20 Q. What was your role in that?
- A. (Stanley) I was responsible for all planning and
 program development strategies, analysis, and all
 related functions that went into development of the
 Plan. I was also the Company's liaison with working

- with the other stakeholders in the development of the
- 2 Plan and that process.
- 3 Q. Are you familiar with the Settlement Agreement that's
- 4 been marked today as "Exhibit 3"?
- 5 A. (Stanley) Yes.
- 6 Q. Did you participate in the development of that
- 7 Settlement on behalf of Liberty Utilities Gas and
- 8 Electric?
- 9 A. (Stanley) Yes.
- MS. KNOWLTON: I have no further
- 11 questions at this time for the witness.
- 12 BY MS. HATFIELD:
- 13 Q. Good morning, Ms. Cramton. Could you please state your
- 14 full name for the record.
- 15 A. (Cramton) Karen P. Cramton.
- 16 Q. And, Ms. Cramton, have you testified at the Public
- 17 Utilities Commission before?
- 18 A. (Cramton) No, I haven't.
- 19 Q. Where are you currently employed?
- 20 A. (Cramton) I'm currently employed with the Office of
- 21 Energy & Planning.
- 22 Q. And, what is your position with OEP?
- 23 A. (Cramton) I'm the Deputy Director.
- 24 Q. How long have you been with OEP?

A. (Cramton) A little over two years.

- Q. And, do you have other energy experience other than your employment at OEP?
- A. (Cramton) I do. I served on our local energy

 committee. I also served and worked with State of New

 Hampshire and worked with the Business Energy

 Efficiency Program. And, I have owned an energy

 efficiency and renewable energy company.
 - Q. Can you briefly describe your responsibilities at OEP?
 - A. (Cramton) Sure. At OEP, I have both administrative and office, general office responsibilities. Particularly pertinent to this hearing, I have responsibilities for administering federal energy grants. And, those include two revolving loan programs that we administer at OEP; one being the Enterprise Energy Fund and the other being the Better Buildings Program.
- Q. Can you just talk briefly about the Better Buildings
 Program and explain what it is?
 - A. (Cramton) Sure. Better Buildings was a ARRA grant, and American Reinvestment and Recovery grant that came to the Office of Energy & Planning at around 2009. The grants was valued at \$10 million. And, basically, OEP administered the program, working with the Community Development Finance Authority, CDFA. And, we started

out working with three beacon communities in New Hampshire, and worked with them to really promote energy efficiency and deep-dive retrofits, whereby homeowners and local businesses were encouraged to install energy efficiency measures, saving at least 15 percent in energy savings. That program developed four different financial products, two being for residential customers. One is a resolving loan fund, offering low interest — actually, zero interest loan to residential customers. The other being a loan loss reserve, which was backing low interest loans. And, then, we also have two commercial products as well, a loan loss reserve and a revolving loan fund, again, very similar in nature to the residential loans.

That program at this point has been closed out with the federal government. The original grant has been spent. We served approximately 800 customers with that, and made a little over \$3.1 million worth of loans. Those loans are now -- those loan repayments are now revolving back into our funds. And, we are charged with continuing to use those funds for energy efficiency. And, so, what we will be doing is working, hopefully, with the utilities to get that money back out for EE loans.

- Q. Thank you. Did you participate in this docket on behalf of OEP?
- 3 A. (Cramton) I did.
- Q. And, are you familiar with the Settlement Agreement that has been marked as "Exhibit 3"?
- 6 A. (Cramton) I am.
- Q. And, did you play a role in reaching the Settlement Agreement that the Commission is considering today?
- 9 A. (Cramton) I did.
- MS. HATFIELD: Thank you. I have nothing further.
- 12 BY MS. HOLLENBERG:
- Q. If I may at this time, before turning it over to

 Mr. Fossum for the beginning of questioning, additional

 questioning of the panel, ask Mr. Cunningham did you

 participate on behalf of the Staff in reaching the

 Settlement Agreement that was filed and has been marked

 as "Exhibit 3"?
- 19 A. (Cunningham) Yes, I did.
- MS. HOLLENBERG: Thank you.
- 21 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fossum.
- MR. FOSSUM: Yes, Commissioners. By
- agreement, the Parties to the Settlement Agreement have
- determined a manner of describing the Settlement

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1
       Agreement, its terms, and briefly for the record, if the
       Commissioners desire such a thing to be put on the record
 2
 3
       orally?
 4
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Sure. Why don't
 5
       you do that. I'm interested in who else is going to be
 6
       asking questions, so we can figure out an order.
       anybody else going to be asking questions of the witnesses
 7
       to explain the Settlement Agreement, Mr. Fossum?
 8
 9
                         MR. FOSSUM: There might be one other
10
       person, depending on how good a job I do.
11
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I should have
12
       allowed you to put that off the record. So, we'll have to
13
       see how you do.
14
                         And, then, Ms. Chamberlin, you're going
15
       to have questions, correct?
16
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN: Just a few.
17
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
                                                          Good
18
       enough. Mr. Fossum, go ahead.
19
                         MR. FOSSUM: Thank you.
20
     BY MR. FOSSUM:
          Then, I'll turn to Mr. Belair. Could you very briefly
21
22
          provide an introduction and description of the filing
23
          that was presented, that was made in this docket, as
24
          well as the changes that have been subsequently agreed
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to.

A. (Belair) Sure. To just give an overview of this docket, it's an energy efficiency plan for two years, for 2015 and '16. And, it's broken into a number of different parts, some new parts that we've added. One is a Prologue that summarizes some of the significant impacts and benefits that the programs have delivered since the inception in 2002. We've also, something new this year, is a Summary of Material Changes that we included on Page 216 to 220, to quickly see what the program changes are from this year's programs and past programs.

Some of the things that we continued with, there's an Executive Summary that talks about what the goals and the vision is of the programs. An Introduction, on Page 8, that summarize the short and long-term vision of the CORE Utilities and the recent significant achievements.

And, then, it gets into the Two-Year

Plan on Page 19, that details the program descriptions,

the goals, the benefits of the programs and services

over the next two years. It gets into some of the

financing options that we have, and measurement and

verification initiatives.

1		The biggest part of the document is
2		Attachments 84 through 215, that details the programs'
3		budgets and all its detailed planning assumptions.
4		And, again, it ends with a Summary of Material Changes
5		on Page 216 to 220.
6	Q.	And, turning now to the Settlement Agreement, were
7		certain changes to that plan filing agreed to for
8		purposes of the Settlement?
9	Α.	(Belair) Yes.
10	Q.	And, are the changes and updates that are agreed to,
11		are they included along with the Settlement Agreement?
12	Α.	(Belair) Yes, they are.
13	Q.	And, would that be Attachment A?
14	Α.	(Belair) Yes. Sorry.
15	Q.	And, just for clarity, could you also describe then
16		what, I guess we'll do that very briefly, what
17		Attachments A and B are to the Settlement Agreement?
18	Α.	(Belair) Sure. Attachment A is a summary of the
19		updates to the September 12th filing, Pages 1 through
20		33 are what the summaries are summary changes are.
21		And, they're mostly updates to some of the planning
22		assumptions for Liberty Utilities.
23		Attachment B is a corrected, revised
24		filing. So, this has this is the original filing

1 revised with all those corrections.

And, then, we have Attachment C that's a white paper on third party financing for the electric and gas customers.

- Q. And, I guess picking up then where you finished, could you describe then briefly the third party financing as it has been agreed to?
- A. (Belair) Sure. So, the third party financing program that we have is for our weatherization program, Home Performance with ENERGY STAR. We agreed to expand the third party financing for homes being weatherized for electric companies, so that we would have a consistent offering as the gas companies have with their third party financing. And, both the electric and gas third party financing would be implemented as described in the white paper. And, in addition to what we described in the third party financing white paper, the CORE Utilities will part have also agreed to partner with and work with the Office of Energy & Planning, to develop an agreement where we'd be we'd use Better Building funds to buy down loans as well.
- Q. And, Ms. Cramton, for the -- in that the Office of

 Energy & Planning has been mentioned there, did you

 have any further description of the role of the Office

- of Energy & Planning in this, in the third party financing option he described?
 - A. (Cramton) No further description. I think the description provided on Page 7 of the white paper describes -- well, I can -- I'll provide an overview, if you'd like?

MR. FOSSUM: I guess that's up to the Commissioners, if they would prefer to have an overview from the witness, or to rely on what's been filed already?

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: No, sure.

Ms. Cramton, why don't you give us a brief overview of the highlights.

WITNESS CRAMTON: Sure.

BY THE WITNESS:

A. (Cramton) So, customers are currently making repayments on the residential loans. Those repayments are going into the residential revolving loan fund. Currently, the value of that fund is about \$240,000. And, we anticipate bringing in 200 to \$240,000 annually from those repayments. So, what we're proposing in this Settlement is that we would provide \$150,000 per year to the utilities, and they could use that money then to buy down interest rates for future Home Performance with ENERGY STAR loans.

BY MR. FOSSUM:

- Q. Thank you. Moving on then in the Settlement,

 Mr. Stanley, there's a -- the next section references

 EnergyNorth. Could you please describe what has been
 agreed to for purposes of the Settlement there?
- A. (Stanley) Yes. Section B of the Settlement Agreement entitled "Projected Savings for EnergyNorth", this section essentially details that, after the original filing submittal, EnergyNorth identified additional opportunities to capture more savings in its programs for the 2015-16 period, and without increasing its total budget. And, in total, the Company made adjustments that resulted in its annual savings targets increasing by 13 percent, compared to its 2014 annual savings targets.
- Q. Thank you. And, could you continue on with describing the next section of the Settlement Agreement on the "Home Energy Assistance Program".
 - A. (Stanley) Sure. That's Section C. Which details that the Parties have agreed to increase the Home Energy Assistance Program budget to be at least 15.5 percent of the total portfolio, as compared to 15 percent within the 2000 -- the most recent CORE program period in 2013 and 2014.

This part of the Agreement also notes that EnergyNorth, whom has historically had a higher percentage of budget level for its -- for its Home Energy Assistance Program, has agreed to taper that percentage down to better align with the other CORE Utilities over time in the future.

- Q. Thank you. And, Mr. Belair, could you then describe what is contained in the next section of the Settlement Agreement on the "Customer Engagement Platform".
- A. (Belair) Sure. The Settling Parties and Staff agreed to the budgets for PSNH's Customer Engagement Platform, where we could use about \$591,000 of System Benefit Charge set—aside funds for energy that was to be used for energy efficiency at PSNH facilities. And, we'd use those funds to fund the Customer Engagement Platform. And, the Parties and Staff agreed to discuss this project's implementation and specific marketing initiatives at our quarterly meetings.
- Q. Thank you. And, could you continue on then to the next section discussing "Program Activity". I'm sorry, "Program Expenses".
- A. (Belair) That section is E, "Program Expenses by Activity". The utilities report expenses via categories --

1 (Court reporter interruption.)

2 WITNESS BELAIR: Sorry.

CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS:

A. (Belair) The utilities report expenses via categories defined on Page 78 of the two-year Plan. These expense categories were developed twelve years ago. And, we are finding that we're using -- we're reporting this information to other entities as well, including ISO-New England and the Forward Capacity Market. And, we simply want to discuss how we report expenses in these categories to ensure that we're consistent with these other reporting entities.

BY MR. FOSSUM:

- Q. Thank you. And, then, I believe, Mr. Cunningham, if you could describe then the next section, having to do with "Quarterly Reporting and Planning Meetings" please.
- A. (Cunningham) Okay. The Settlement Agreement that we have before us today is the culmination of about eight months of effort on the part of the Parties, which began in May at Energy Park with a planning session.

 At that planning session, a number of points were discussed, brainstorming, sort of a brainstorming in sort of a brainstorming context. And, among other

things, quarterly reporting was discussed. And, during the course of 2014, an update to the quarterly report format was developed. A working group was assembled by the CORE team. And, the third quarter reporting results that the Commission will see shortly, it's already been provided, and it will be on the Commission website shortly, incorporates a lot of those changes that were discussed during the course of the Working Group's meeting.

The quarterly reporting and meetings will be continued during 2015 and 2016. Some of the points that are developed in the Settlement Agreement with respect to the Customer Engagement Platform that Mr. Belair just talked about, progress on that will be discussed during the quarterly CORE team meetings.

In addition, progress on the third party initiative that was developed at the brainstorming session, progress on that option and initiative will also be discussed at the quarterly CORE team meetings.

A couple of other points about administrative expense. We get a lot of questions about what our administrative expense is. And, administrative expenses are detailed in the activity reporting that Mr. Belair mentioned a few minutes ago.

But it appears as though, based on some of the questions we've received in the past six months, there may be a need to tighten up some of the definitions of what is "administrative expense". So, during the course of our quarterly CORE team meetings in 2015, we'll be raising that issue to see if we can tighten up the definition of "administrative expenses". Thank you.

- Q. And, lastly, Mr. Stanley, if you could describe the next section, the "Reservation of Rights" there.
- A. (Stanley) Yes. Section G of the Settlement Agreement is the purpose of it is to recognize that there are items happening outside of the CORE proceedings under DE 14-216 that may have a material impact on the CORE programs. Such as EnergyNorth's decoupling proposal in DG 14-180, and if an Energy Efficiency Resource Standard comes to fruition in New Hampshire. And, therefore, one or more Parties may want to take a position on such items as it relates to the CORE programs. And, this simply gives Parties the opportunity to do so, if they wish.
- Q. Thank you. Just one last question to each of the members of the panel. Is it your testimony that the Settlement Agreement that's been presented today, and

marked as "Exhibit 3", and including its attachments,

is a just and reasonable and appropriate resolution to

the issues in this docket? We'll start with Mr.

Stanley.

- A. (Stanley) Yes.
- 6 A. (Belair) Yes.

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7 A. (Cramton) Yes.

(Cunningham) Yes, I'd agree. And, I'd like to expand on that a little bit, if I may. With respect to third party financing, I believe the Settlement Agreement is in the public interest for a number of reasons. improves the upfront affordability for customers. dovetails nicely with CORE programs and the potential Energy Efficiency Resource Standard that the Commission may consider in the near future. It incorporates supplemental funding from OEP and -- /CDFA of 150,000, up to \$150,000 to expand the program. It protects ratepayers from significant interest rate increases by limiting the interest rates to a cap of 8 percent. Provides for an administratively efficient financing option, as these loan agreements will be made by the lenders, not the utilities. And, it provides for monitoring and evaluation. One of the things that I could have mentioned in the quarterly meetings that

we'll be having this coming year will be that we will be continuing to evaluate the progress of third party financing.

With respect to savings targets that

Mr. Stanley addressed a few minutes ago, EnergyNorth

modified its proposal for savings for 2015 and 2016.

And, the modifications show increases to savings

targets for both years. And, Staff believes the

modifications are reasonable, and Staff supports them.

With respect to the HEA allocation of 15.5 percent, up from 15.0 percent, Staff believes the increase in the allocation is reasonable and appropriate. Staff has looked at the statistics for New Hampshire from the Census Bureau that supports the increase of 0.5 percent.

With respect to the Customer Engagement Platform, Staff believes that it works well with a potential EERS that the Commission may adopt in the near future. It could stimulate savings and participation in other CORE programs. Therefore, we believe it dovetails nicely with a potential EERS that the Commission may consider in the near future.

With respect to reservation of rights, Section G provides for the reservation of rights

1	pertaining to other Commission proceedings, including
2	consideration of revenue decoupling, a proposal that's
3	currently in Docket DG 14-180. And, the Settlement
4	Agreement provided in this docket provides for
5	(Court reporter interruption.)
6	CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS:
7	A. (Cunningham) Yes. The Settlement Agreement provided in
8	this instant docket provides for PI, performance
9	incentive, PI, for CORE programs in 2015 and 2016, but
LO	does not address revenue decoupling.
L1	Based on the above, I believe the
L2	Settlement Agreement is in the public interest, and I
L3	recommend that the Commission approve it.
L 4	MR. FOSSUM: Thank you. I have nothing
L5	further.
L6	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Does any counsel
L 7	have questions for the witness in support of the Agreement
L8	at this time?
L9	(No verbal response)
20	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: No? Ms.
21	Chamberlin.
22	MS. CHAMBERLIN: Thank you.
23	CROSS-EXAMINATION
24	BY MS. CHAMBERLIN:

- Q. Mr. Belair, for the electric utilities, the performance incentive is the same as it has been, for 2015-2016, it's the same as it is currently, the calculation of it?
- A. (Belair) Yes. It's planned at 7.5 percent of the budget, yes.

- Q. And, the driving factors of achieving the performance incentive is a combination of measures implemented and savings achieved, is that a fair summary? Or, you can elaborate, if you would like to.
 - A. (Belair) No, it's -- we put together a plan for what we can accomplish with the budget. And, if we meet that, those goals, then we'll hit that 7.5 percent performance incentive. If we don't meet certain hurdles, there's potential for getting zero percent incentive. And, if we exceed goals, there's an opportunity to get up to 10 percent.
- Q. And, when you say "hurdles", what do you mean?
- A. (Belair) You have to -- one of the hurdles are, for each sector, has to -- the benefit/cost ratio has to be greater than one. If it doesn't hit that minimum hurdle, the benefit/cost -- performance incentive will be zero. And, it also has to exceed 65 percent of the projected kilowatt-hour savings.

- Q. And, the benefit/cost ratio is the cost of the measure compared to the savings achieved by that measure?
- A. (Belair) Over the life of the measure, yes.

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- Q. Thank you. And, Mr. Stanley, can you describe the performance incentive that's in place for the gas utilities?
- (Stanley) The performance incentive for the gas Α. utilities is identical to that of the electric utilities, except it has a different target level currently. It's currently -- the target level performance incentive for the gas utilities is 8 percent, as compared to 7.5 percent for the electric utilities. And, that's based on the Settlement Agreement over the past year, where the electric utilities agreed to lower their target incentive from 8 percent to 7.5 percent, to recognize that a certain percentage of the portfolio was generating non-electric savings. No adjustment was made to the gas utilities' incentive, primarily because the savings generated from the gas utilities' programs are generating gas -natural gas savings only, and not other non-gas savings, as compared to the electric utilities.
- Q. And, the driver of the percent -- of the performance incentive is the cost of the measures implemented

- compared to the savings of the measures over the lifetime of that measure?
 - A. (Stanley) Correct. And, to clarify, the value of the energy savings generated, as compared to the cost of the measures.

6 MS. CHAMBERLIN: Thank you. That's all 7 I have.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner Scott.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Thank you. And,

good morning. Most of my questions, frankly, are more

12 BY CMSR. SCOTT:

global nature.

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- Q. But I think I'll start with the -- I was just curious on some of the financing experiences. So, I think I'll start with Ms. Cramton on the Better Buildings, if you don't mind. I was just curious what the experience has been so far, as far as customer repayments and defaults? Has that been an issue?
- A. (Cramton) It is not. Actually, to date, we have had
 zero defaults. I think we've had two instances of late
 payments. And, those were both --

22 (Court reporter interruption.)

23 **CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS:**

24 A. (Cramton) At this point, there have been no defaults.

And, I guess, for the record, that is something that the Department of Energy does ask us to track. So, as part of the agreement that some recipients sign with us, meaning the banks and the utilities that we're currently in partnership with, they do report to us on a currently — on a quarterly basis the number of defaults and the number of late payments.

- Q. On a similar line, I was curious, what do you see, at least within that program, what have been the barriers to customers, take up of customers for the financing?
- A. (Cramton) Yes. I think the biggest barrier is, for people wanting to install energy efficiency measures, is that upfront cost, and access to financing. What we find in the marketplace right now is, because the typical loan is somewhere between 7 and say \$20,000, it's a loan amount that's difficult to get in the open market. It's too low to do a home equity loan, it's often too high to be an unsecured loan through a bank. And, so, an option that a lot of clients have to customers need to use is its credit card debt, which runs, as you know, very high, typically in the 15 to 25 percent interest rate range. So, by partnering with the utilities, and being able to buy down the market rate to 2 percent, it offers an added incentive for

- customers to really put in those deep-dive measures and get a lot of energy efficiency for the dollar.
 - Q. So, with that buydown, are you seeing still customers -- potential customers saying "no, I still can't do this"?
- 6 (Cramton) I don't have the stats on how many people we Α. 7 offered these loans to in the past that said "no". What we did see through our pilot, or I shouldn't call 8 9 it a "pilot", Better Buildings did have a partnership 10 with both Unitil and PSNH through the Better Buildings 11 Program. And, Tom, correct me if I'm wrong, but I think the average loan increased from 22 [2,200?] to 12 13 \$3,000, up to about 7, 6 to \$7,000. So, we did see a 14 marked increase in the efficiency that people were willing to undertake by having access to that, that 15 16 funding.
- 17 A. (Witness Belair nodding in the affirmative).
- 18 Q. Makes sense.

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A. (Cramton) And, also, the nice thing is, it's available.

That's part of what we're trying to provide for the

customers is kind of one-stop shopping. So, that you

don't need to go off and then, number one, figure out

"how do I go ahead and weatherize my home?" But, then,

"how do I find financing for it?"

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- Q. Thank you. And, the same line of questioning, I think, for the utilities, to the extent you have that experience. So, are we seeing any significant issues with customers repaying? Is that an issue?
- (Stanley) For -- I'll first speak to EnergyNorth's experience with our gas third party financing pilot this past year. To date, we've had 28 customer loans, and because it's in the first year, we haven't -- the banks have not notified us of any issues with customer repayments. Because of the process that we've established, we're not putting any demands on the banks to approve more risky customers, per se. customers are being approved based on the bank's or lender's standard approval process. Therefore, we don't anticipate any issues with customer repayments, outside of normal default rates that might happen with customers or a customer not being able to pay. So, so far, we're off to, we believe, a good start. And, we believe this program could be replicated across the residential electric utilities' programs.
- Q. And, again, similar questioning, are you seeing, the past programs, are you, even with that more incentivized financing available, are you still seeing some potential customers just saying "I just can't do

this", is that --

A. (Stanley) Anecdotally, yes. We also are seeing a trend where, compared to several years ago, we see customers, there's a greater reluctance to take on debt period from customers. So, some customers just aren't interested in financing anything, even if it's on a credit card or taking on a home equity line of credit, or taking -- participating in our finance offering. There's a lot of customers who -- they're willing to pay the up-front cost on that, rather than having some type of debt burden. So, that's a change that's happened overall in the marketplace, and not just specific to our offerings.

This past year, though, we have, in our opinion, again anecdotally, we haven't performed a follow-up survey --

(Court reporter interruption.)

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Haven't performed a follow-up survey that we're planning to do. I heard what he said.

CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS:

A. (Stanley) This past year, we believe that a good portion of the customers, the 28 participants so far to date, if they did not receive our financing offer, they

might not — they probably would not have participated in our programs, because it was helping fit a need or a gap that, as Ms. Cramton mentioned, the up-front cost that is a barrier for all customers.

BY CMSR. SCOTT:

- Q. And, Mr. Belair, I didn't want to leave you out. Did you want to add?
- A. (Belair) Well, right now, Mr. Stanley was talking about the third party financing on the gas programs, but all four utilities have on-bill financing for weatherization right now. And, I agree with what Mr. Stanley said, some people don't want to assume additional debt. But we do have a large number of customers who will fund the project, their co-pay, for weatherizing their home with their own funds. We're finding that a lot of customers could use some help, and the on-bill financing has been very successful and getting people to move forward. So, the conversion rate is high, from audit to actually getting the weatherization measures installed.

The one thing that we are looking forward to the -- you know, with the third party financing is that the banks are going to assume all the risk. And, so, if there's any defaults, it's not going

to affect the programs or, you know, electric ratepayers or gas ratepayers.

I would like to share one other thing about the Better Buildings partnership.

Q. Please.

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(Belair) Ms. Cramton was correct in that our Α. weatherization projects, prior to working with Better Buildings, were about \$3,200, the customer co-payment, which means it would be about a \$6,500 project. So, we did a couple hundred loans using that on-bill financing. And, with the Better Buildings funds, we worked with the Office of Energy & Planning and CDFA to try out some deeper measures. And, so, with those, with the opportunity to do deeper measures, that average went from -- the average customer co-pay went from 3,200 to \$5,900. So, people were willing to do more. And, it was a great opportunity to partner with them to try out and see how far people were willing to And, we were able to do more weatherization, but go. also some of the things that would be less cost-effective in our programs, like windows and doors, solar hot water, things like that. So, we got to expand it to some things that would not have been as cost-effective in our programs.

- Q. Thank you. So, one feature, I think as we have progressed with the CORE Programs, is now we -- we have, I think a better synergy between gas and electric programs?
- A. (Stanley) Correct.

- Q. So, I'm just curious, I hope this is not the case, but
 I'll ask the question anyways. Correct me if I'm
 wrong, the franchise areas for gas utilities and
 electric utilities are not always from the same
 company, correct?
- 11 A. (Stanley) Correct.
- 12 Q. So, is that presenting any problems in that coordination?
 - A. (Stanley) No. That hasn't been an issue to date. How we interface or work together in that scenario, where a customer is serviced by a natural gas utility, and, of course, an electric utility that, for that customer where there's MMBtu savings, thermal savings, then the priority is for that customer to be serviced by the natural gas utility, since those thermal savings would be natural gas savings. And, that process has worked out very well. We have coordinated our structure in a way that, for leads that come in through the programs, that they're channeled appropriately based on those

guidelines. Similarly, an example of that is for our Home Performance Program, similarly for our ENERGY STAR Homes Program, as well as the Home Energy Assistance Program. The thermal savings opportunities is prioritized with the gas utilities. If there was a circumstance where the natural gas utilities expended all of their available funds, that customer could still be serviced by their electric utility. But the process we've established in place works very well we think for customers.

- Q. Thank you. One of -- and, again, I warn you, my questions are rather global in nature. But, obviously, we're, being utilities, and ratepayers yourself, I'm sure you're well aware that we're experiencing winter pricing concerns, for want of a better word. And, understanding that, generally, energy efficiency measures, they provide efficiency year-round, and I understand that. Is this an appropriate mechanism to be, the energy efficiency programs, to be looking at trying to have a more targeted impact on these winter peaks? Is that an appropriate place for that? Again, I understand there's definitely an impact.
- A. (Belair) Just to share with you a little bit, when you go deep into this one, the avoided energy supply cost

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study has never valued kW -- winter kW savings. what's -- so, when you do the benefit/cost on a project, if you're saving kW in the winter, it doesn't have a value associated with it. Summer peak is where all the value is on kW demand. Through this next evaluation that's happening, we believe that it will probably have a number, a value for reducing winter kW, winter energy. That will allow the projects to maybe take a different look at prioritizing the winter-saving measures. The price spikes that we've seen here in, you know, for December, January, and February, will probably cause an avoided cost supply study to show some higher numbers, and we'll be able to continue doing energy efficiency that might have maybe a little bit more priority towards winter. But I will tell you that we've not unprioritized saving during the winter because it didn't have any value in the avoided cost study. We've done -- we've served a lot of electrically heated homes. We went out with special marketing. And, we've identified -- we've gotten a lot more electric homes to participate in the program saving energy in these past two years. We'll continue doing that.

(Stanley) I would just add on the natural gas side,

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it's EnergyNorth's belief that our efficiency programs, since their inception, have had a notable impact in terms of curtailing peak demand during the winter season. For example, this past year, we -- despite the high demands and really record demands for our business, we weren't in a situation where we had to go to any of our customers and ask them either to go to a backup supply or reduce their volume. As compared to, you can go back to 2004, where in that year we actually had to reach out to some of our largest customers and request that they switch to a backup fuel source or to lower their usage, because of the amount of volume going through the system. So, we believe the difference between 2004 and 2014, despite the Company has added a sizable amount of customers since that time, that the impact of our efficiency programs put us in a better position to make sure there weren't issuances where we had to, again, curtail customer usage.

Q. Okay. Thank you. One of the things I like to try to think through when we look at the CORE filings and the particular programs is what would happen if the funding mechanism were not to be there for a particular program in five or ten years, you know, kind of the market

- transformation issue, frankly. I was curious, just again globally, if you were able to comment on that as related to this filing? A big question, I guess.
- A. (Belair) Can you ask it again?

- Q. Yes. Could you comment generally on how this filing addresses market transformation. I see, in each program, there's a little blurb talking about it. I was just curious if you could comment on, you know, how the current filing would move towards, in the future perhaps, less need for subsidization, that type of issue.
- A. (Belair) Just to maybe share with you the weatherization program, because that's probably the one that, you know, everyone can take advantage of. Is we have, over the past three years, we've been working to get new contractors involved. You know, we're upwards of almost 40 weatherization contractors now. A lot of these contractors are and, over that period of time, we've reduced the incentive from 75 percent to 50 percent, and we're still seeing, you know, a good interest in people doing that. So, what we've done, you know, as you transform the market, what you're doing is you're building up the expertise of people in the field. So, having 30 and 40, you know, contractors

doing weatherization work helps them not only sell weatherization work, but they will do some additional work afterwards. A lot of them will, you know, replace windows for the customer afterwards outside of this program. So, it's getting the market to do more as well.

So, we think that we're simplifying the Home Performance Program, making the offering easier for customers. So, trying to simplify the program, trying to get more contractors in. And, you know, going over the third party financing, you know, getting the banks interested in providing financing. And, I think that's — those types of things are on the way to market transformation. I think customers still need an incentive now to move forward. But, you know, we've done some market transformation over, you know, just in that program, to get the market — the contractors trained and doing really good work on weatherizing homes, and getting the banks — and getting the banks to help finance that. I don't know if that helped, if that answered your question?

- Q. Directionally, yes.
- 23 A. (Belair) Picking one.

Q. You're welcome to comment, if you'd like.

1	Α.	(Stanley) Yes. We could probably expound on this for
2		quite a bit. But the role our programs play, in
3		addition to having a direct impact on customers, we're
4		supporting a broader network. There's a broader value
5		change that the CORE programs have established since
6		their inception, that they're helping to drive
7		efficiency activities. And, we get asked a lot about
8		"well, are we at the end of the pipeline?" You know,
9		"how much more opportunities are there in the
10		marketplace for energy efficiency?" And, that the
11		market continues to evolve as technology has evolved,
12		for example. New processes are developing. And, we
13		continue to see new technologies come into play that
14		create new opportunities that didn't exist just two or
15		three years ago, for example, LED lighting. The
16		efficiencies of LED lighting technology, just compared
17		to two years, are significantly different, and there's
18		significant opportunities for customers to save even
19		more energy just from that time difference.
20		This past year we had a very exciting
21		project with specific to the commercial laundry
22		market. There's a new technology called "polymer bead"

our service territory that installed one of the

washing machines. We happen to have one customer in

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first -- one of three units installed in the United States installed right here in Manchester, New Hampshire with one of the large commercial laundry facilities. Where this technology uses 90 percent less hot water, 75 percent less total water, and, instead of using laundry detergent, it uses these plastic polymer beads essentially, that can be reused over 800 times. And, this technology, just this one example, is going to completely transform this company's cost structure, is going to virtually eliminate or significantly reduce the amount of detergent they purchase. And, this technology can be used by any similar commercial laundry business such as this. And, this company that developed the technology, it's based in Europe, they're in the process of developing a residential size model And, you could just envision the opportunities this could present to homeowners, and the potential transformation it could have just to the consumer products industry in companies that sell laundry detergent. And, those technologies continue to evolve. We believe we helped play a role in working with this customer, to help him realize and we

We believe we helped play a role in working with this customer, to help him realize and we help evaluate the savings for this technology, we prove that it's cost-effective, and we prove that there's an

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opportunity for this customer, but also to other customers. And, those are the types of things that we have been helping deliver to customers over the past 14 years with these programs. And, our role touches a lot of different entities, again, not just the end customer, but the training, the contractors, retailers. And, if you were to take us -- if we were to remove the CORE programs, as in some states across the country where there are no such energy efficiency programs, I think you would see a notable -- noticeable difference in the level of investments that are taking place with customers, the level of investments happening with the trade community and contractors supporting the efficiency industry. And, you see that in the states that have invested heavily in energy efficiency, that there is a different industry makeup that exists, as compared to the states where there is not an efficiency-type program offering. That's fascinating. Thank you. So, my last question,

Q. That's fascinating. Thank you. So, my last question, and you just, Mr. Stanley, you just hit upon it. I get the -- again, having looked at the CORE programs as we progress, you mentioned other states, and that was my other question. That it sounds like, correct me if I'm wrong, the utilities generally have a good grasp of

- what's going on nationally and internationally on the same front, so that there's -- obviously, we're not an island here necessarily. So, do we have a good feedback mechanism to know, to gather the good ideas from other areas and regions?
- A. (Stanley) Yes, I would say absolutely. I think that's the key part of our role, in trying to optimize our program portfolio, is constantly looking at new opportunities, and where we can borrow "best practices" from elsewhere and learn from others, opportunities they have taken advantage of, but also mistakes. So, we would say we have a good pulse on what's happening in the marketplace and with other program administrators.
- A. (Belair) And, most of the utilities have sister companies in other states that are probably further along on percent savings than New Hampshire is. And, so, we will copy some of the things they do. I like to say "we shamelessly steal the best ideas". And, you know, we are in touch with what's going on, and we are looking at some of the new products being presented to customers, and we're looking to we are incorporating those in New Hampshire as well.

CMSR. SCOTT: Thank you very much. I

1 think that's all I have for now, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you.

BY CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG:

- Q. Mr. Stanley, I apologize for asking you to go back to this, but -- and I think I probably should understand this better than I do. Could you recap your exchange with Attorney Chamberlin regarding the performance incentives and the interplay between gas and electric, because I missed something somewhere in your answer.
- A. (Stanley) Okay. Ms. Chamberlin, if I recall, asked

 me -- asked if I could explain the gas utilities'

 performance incentive mechanism and maybe expand upon

 the difference between the gas utilities' performance

 incentive and the electric utilities' performance

 incentive.
- Q. That sounds like a good setup. That's my memory as well.
- A. (Stanley) Okay. So, to be sure, there is no difference in formula, per se, in how the performance incentive is calculated. The performance incentive is calculated based on two components; the savings goal component and a cost-effectiveness component. And, each is worth essentially 50 percent of the total performance incentive, of which that those combined components

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have a target level for the gas utilities of 8 percent. So, each of those components are worth 4 percent for a target. As compared to the electric utilities' performance incentive, again, it has the same structure, a savings goal and a cost-effectiveness goal, however, the combined components -- the combined target value is 7.5 percent, as compared to 8 percent. And, the reasoning for that difference to date is the electric utilities entered into a Settlement Agreement this past program year where they agreed -- they recognized that, because the electric utilities' portfolio has a -- you could argue a sizeable portion or a notable portion of savings that are non-electric So, for example, our Home Performance Program with our electric companies, a significant portion of the savings are typically fuel oil, propane, wood, it's non-electric savings. So, recognizing that there are programs within the electric portfolio that aren't saving electric savings or creating electric savings, that the companies and Parties agreed to lower the target incentive to what was 8 percent to 7.5 percent. However, for the natural gas utilities, we do not have program offerings that are generating significant non-natural gas savings. Therefore, the

1	Parties have agreed to keep the target incentive at
2	8 percent, as has been historically the target level.
3	I will point out, in the Plan, it does note that the
4	Parties have agreed to withhold discussions and
5	negotiations regarding performance incentive levels
6	until a time where more is known regarding potentially
7	an Energy Efficiency Resource Standard.
8	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: That's helpful.
9	Thank you. That was really the only thing I had that
10	was that Commissioner Scott or the others didn't cover.
11	Do you have anything else? All right.
12	Do any of you have redirect questions for your respective
13	witnesses?
14	(No verbal response)
15	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Seeing none, I
16	think. We're fine then. The witnesses can return to
17	their seats. We have no other witnesses, correct?
18	MS. HOLLENBERG: No.
19	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I think, in the
20	Agreement, you had already stipulated that the exhibits
21	would be full exhibits. We could strike the ID from all
22	four exhibits, is that correct?
23	MS. HOLLENBERG: Yes. Thank you.
24	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Give each of you a

1 chance to sum up your positions. I guess I would be interested in hearing from the lawyers responding to the 2 3 OCA's concerns. I see a provision in the Agreement that 4 at least arguably addresses the same topic. So, I'd be 5 interested in hearing both Ms. Chamberlin's and counsels' perspectives on the effect of that provision, but more 6 7 generally also your positions. 8 And, Ms. Chamberlin, given that you are not on the Agreement, I'll ask you to go first. But I'm 9 10 not sure how many other counselors are going to want to 11 speak and sum up? 12 (Show of hands.) 13 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay. All right. 14 So, good enough. We'll go around the room after 15 Ms. Chamberlin does her thing. And, Mr. Fossum, since I 16 made you go first, I'll let you go last. 17 MR. FOSSUM: Oh. Okay. 18 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. 19 Ms. Chamberlin. 20 Thank you. Because MS. CHAMBERLIN: 21 this proposal is a two-year agreement, the Commission 22 order should expressly state that the performance 23 incentive for any utility that implements a revenue 24 decoupling mechanism may be modified. And, that's the

difference. I didn't think that Paragraph G went far I am asking that the Commission order expressly say "Look, these two disparate filings have similar purposes. And, if a decoupling mechanism is implemented, it may be necessary to modify the performance incentive." These things can be structured in various different ways. And, my concern is that the Settlement Agreement locks it in to a particular methodology that may or may not double-dip with a decoupling mechanism. And, the OCA did not want to see a double-dip occur at all, and certainly not for two years. It would be different if perhaps it was a year or less, but, because of the length of the Agreement, flexibility is important. And, I did not want companies or anybody to be able to argue "Look, you know, the Settlement Agreement says X. The Settlement Agreement is for two years, therefore, it can't be changed." And, so, that was my -- that is my concern, and that's why I did not sign the Settlement Agreement. I am not objecting to the performance

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I am not objecting to the performance incentive, per se. It has worked in the past. It has been a good balance of ratepayer concern with getting these programs implemented, and shareholder concern with revenue, you know, conserving their revenue. However, if other elements change that balance, it can be significant.

And, so, that is the concern.

Both the energy efficiency performance incentive and a revenue decoupling mechanism are intended, at least in part, to compensate the utilities for revenues lost due to implementation of energy efficiency programs. Therefore, that raises the double-dipping concern. And, as the Staff witness pointed out, it's particularly relevant for Liberty Utilities, because there is a decoupling mechanism in their distribution rate case filing, DG 14-180. The OCA is not taking a position on that mechanism in this hearing, just raising the potential that the two proposals may have — they need to be carefully structured so that they are not overlapping.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: You would agree that the philosophy behind performance incentives and decoupling, there's different philosophies underlying those two concepts, correct?

MS. CHAMBERLIN: I believe they are essentially the same. And, the goal is to preserve utility revenue. And, when you reduce sale volume, the way things are structured currently, you reduce revenue. So, if you change, if you decouple that, and you have a performance incentive, in my view, you're double-dipping.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you. What

we're going to do is we're going to go essentially in the order that you gave appearances, circling back to

Mr. Fossum last. So, Ms. Knowlton, that would put you up next.

MS. KNOWLTON: Thank you. The Company appreciates all the time that the parties have put into consideration of these programs that are proposed for the years 2015 and 2016. From Liberty's perspective, these programs are very important programs to implement at the first of the year and are in the public interest. Which I believe was amply demonstrated by the Companies' filing, the Settlement Agreement, and the testimony that you heard today.

As described in the filing, and if you were to, just for the record, look at Bates Page 2 and 3, the programs have delivered very powerful results over the past decade. The budgets that are proposed for 2015 and 2016 continue the delivery of those results, and we believe that it is important to customers to have the programs available, especially during these times of high prices.

As indicated by the witnesses, the programs are subject to rigorous criteria to screen for cost-effectiveness. In particular, we are delighted to

see third party financing being offered to electric customers over the next two years, assuming the Commission were to approve the Settlement. We believe that that is a very important mechanism, given the cost of implementing energy efficiency measures, and that electric customers should be able to take advantage of this as gas customers have been.

With regard to the OCA's position, it is Liberty's view that there is not a sufficient record that's been demonstrated in this case, either in the form of testimony or exhibits, that would support any conclusion about whether there should be a change in performance incentive level if either an EERS or revenue decoupling were implemented. It really is premature to take any such action in this docket.

The Settling Parties included Section G in the Settlement in order to recognize that there are potential significant policy changes on the horizon, and to bring those to the Commission's attention, and to allow the parties to reserve the right to make whatever arguments regarding those two potential events, were they to occur in those — in the future.

So, in the case of revenue decoupling, for Liberty, there is a proposal that's pending in its

rate case. And, I would assert that that is the proper place for those arguments to be made.

I would also note that this is not the first time that EnergyNorth has proposed revenue decoupling. The Company has proposed this in a prior rate case, at the same time that CORE dockets were pending. So, really, there is nothing new in that regard, to the extent that both issues are under consideration at the same time.

So, with that, I'll close, and just thank the Commission again for its prompt consideration of the Settlement.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Goldwasser.

MS. GOLDWASSER: Thank you, Mr.

Chairman. Unitil and Northern would adopt the position that Attorney Knowlton just enunciated. We support the Settlement Agreement, and are very excited about the third party financing partnership at the Office of Energy & Planning. We thank and commend Staff and the Office of Energy & Planning for their work in facilitating this Settlement, and all the parties for working together to develop these programs over the past several months. The parties did — had a number of informal conversations before this filing was made, and a lot of those

1 conversations have been incorporated into the filing that's before you today, and it's improved as a result of 2 3 the work of a lot of different people, utilities and the 4 other interested folks in the State of New Hampshire. 5 We believe that the Settlement Agreement 6 addresses the issues associated with any policy changes in 7 the EERS or in decoupling. And, we ask that the 8 Commission issue an order, if possible, by January 1st, so 9 that continuity for the programs is permitted. And, if an 10 order is not able to issue by that date, then we ask for 11 interim authority necessary to continue the programs until 12 an order issues on the next two-year program cycle. 13 So, in conclusion, we respectfully 14 request that the Commission approve the Settlement 15 Agreement. We believe that it results in a just and 16 reasonable outcome and serves the public interest in 17 these -- in furthering these energy efficiency programs. 18 Thank you. 19 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Dunn. 20 MR. DUNN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 21 have nothing to add to what Ms. Knowlton and 22 Ms. Goldwasser have said. 23 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Hatfield.

MS. HATFIELD:

Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

OEP supports the Settlement Agreement, and we thank all of the parties for their work in putting it together, particularly with respect to their willingness to work with OEP to make our federal funds available to the programs. We think that that allows us to do more energy efficiency. And, it also allows us to begin what we hope is a movement toward customers who can afford to do so to pay more of the costs of making energy efficiency investments. I stress those "who can afford to do so", because obviously the low income programs are extremely important to the state, and we don't see the financing option being appropriate for those customers at this time.

I did also want to recognize the work that Staff has done over the last year in monitoring and evaluation. They have complied with a provision of the Settlement Agreement in the last case, and they have brought in some expert resources to assist the group in ensuring that we do have strong E, M, and V processes and programs in place.

With respect to the OCA's issues that they have raised, we do believe that Paragraph G of the Settlement Agreement protects all of the parties' abilities to raise those issues in the future. And, we would also point out that traditionally there is an

opportunity for a midcourse correction in the CORE

Programs. The Commission does traditionally have a docket

every year. So, a year from now we'll be back talking

with you about potential changes for 2016. So, that's yet

another opportunity for us to make changes, if they're

needed.

So, thank you very much for your consideration. And, we hope that you'll approve the Settlement.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Clouthier.

MR. CLOUTHIER: Thank you. The CAA support the Settlement that's put forth today. And, we don't have anything else to add, just to echo the comments of the thanks to all parties involved in putting this together and the ability to participate in these meetings. So, thank you.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Ohler.

MS. OHLER: Thank you. The Department of Environmental Services is in support of this Settlement Agreement. And, we would just like to echo that we do appreciate all of the work that's gone in, and bringing the extra federal funds from OEP to this is really going to, I believe, help with the market transformation, get us to the third party financing that is going to be so

necessary to do the deeper-dive retrofits that cost a little bit more. So, thank you.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Labbe.

MR. LABBE: Yes. Thank you. The Way
Home does support the Settlement Agreement. We would just
like to echo the thanks to all the parties working
together to come up with all the different terms involved,
especially the -- all the parties' agreement to increase
the low income percentage to 15.5. We appreciate
everyone's recognition that there is a significant
population in New Hampshire, and, you know, we can't leave
these people behind. And, there are significant barriers
to, you know, market transformation for that particular
income-eligible community. So, we thank the parties for
their recognition and support for increasing the
allocation.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Hollenberg.

MS. HOLLENBERG: Thank you. The Staff concurs with the comments made by counsel up to this point, aside from the OCA, with all due respect. We do believe that the provision in Paragraph G does provide the Commission with the ability to examine the impact of decoupling or an EERS on the PI in the CORE Programs, if and when that occurs, those — if and when the Commission

1 were to either approve decoupling or an EERS standard. Mr. Cunningham's testimony summarized 2 3 the reasons underlying the Staff's support. And, at this 4 time, I'd like to thank all the parties for their efforts 5 in bringing this Agreement to your attention today. 6 you. 7 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fossum. 8 MR. FOSSUM: Thank you. I, too, would like to thank the parties for all of their work and effort 9 10 that led to the Agreement that we presented to you today. 11 PSNH is likewise in support of the Agreement, and request 12 that the Commission approve it. 13 And, I'll say simply that I believe what 14 is contained in Paragraph G of the Settlement Agreement is 15 sufficient, in our opinion, to address the concerns raised 16 by the OCA in this case. 17 And, with that, I'll just, I guess, 18 reiterate the request that the Commission review and 19 approve this Settlement Agreement. Thank you. 20 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you all. Is 21 there anything else we need to do before we close this 22 hearing? 23 (No verbal response) 24 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I don't think there

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is. All right. We will adjourn, take this under
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       advisement. Thank you all very much.
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                          (Whereupon the hearing was adjourned at
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                         10:28 a.m.)
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